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ZUSMAN, i.i., Duthak, A.A., ZHAPNOVA, V.A., ZHFINOVSKATA, A.A.

Mathods of determining the volume and the composition of the U.S.S.R. metal stock by Moor Republics and economics regions. (MERA 18:0)

Shor. trud. TSNIICHW no.45:57-57 16:.

ZUSMAN, L.I.; DROGOV, A.A.; GORSHKOVA, L.F.; YUKMANDT, F.M. [receased]

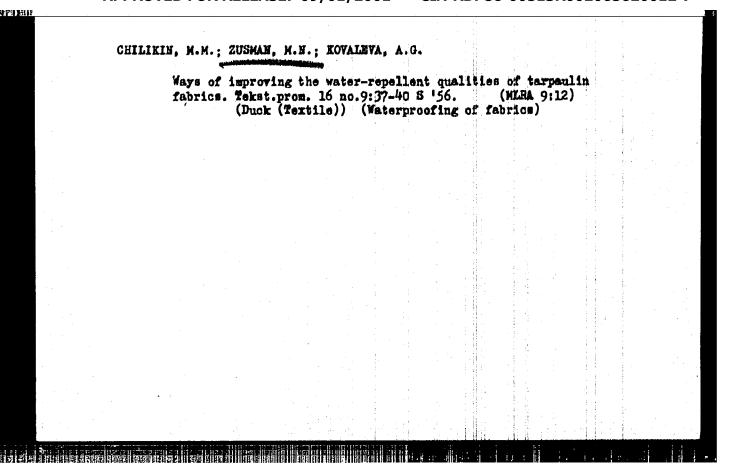
Recommy of the production and consumption of icv-manganese cast iron. Shor. trud. TSMITCHM no.45:115-122 165.

(MCRA 18:9)

ZUS'MAN, M.

Zus'man, M. - "Industrial turnover funds and methods for accelerating their turnover,"
Bol'shevik Kazakhstana, 1949, No. 3, p. 98-104

So: U-4355, 14 August 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 15, 1949)



SIMIGIN, P.A.; ZUSMAN M.H.,; RAYKHLIN, F.I.; ROGOVATA, I.V., redakter;
GORDON, N.B.; reteensent; PETEZHIK, G.G., rateensent; NEDVELYEV,
L.Ya., tekhnicheskiy redaktor;

[Pretective impregnation of textile fabrics] Zashchitmye prepitki
tekatil'nykh materialov.Pod red.I.V.Regevei. Moskve. Ges. nauchnetekhn.izd-vo M-va legkoi premyshl.SSSR. 1957. 298 p.

(MIRA 10:6)

(Textile finishing)

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ZUSMAN, Nison Samoylovich, kand. biol. nauk; SHULEYKIN, P.A., red.;

KUDRTAVISEVA, O.V., tekhn. red.

[Raise rabbits] Razvodite krelikov. Meskva, Izd-vp "Znanie,"
1963. 47 p. (Narodnyi universitet kul tury.
2iaistvennyi fakulitet, no.8)

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KVAPILEV, A.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; SEREBRYAKOV, K.M., nauchnyy sotrud.;

DEMINA, M.F., kand. biolog. nauk; ZUSYAN, N.S., kand. biolog. nauk;

IEPESHKIN, V.I., nauchnyy sotrud.; IEONTTUK, S.V., kand. veter. nauk;

CHSEV, S.A., kand. veter. nauk; DOBYCHINA, I.N., red.; PROKOF'KEVA,

L.N., tekhm. red.

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(MIRA 12:9)

1. Sotrudniki Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta pushnogo svero
vodstva i krolikovodstva (for all except Dobychina, Prokof'yeva).

(Rabbits)

USSR/Farm Animals. Rabbits.

Q-3

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No. 22, 1958, 101228

: Popov, N.F., Kurilov, N.V., Novikov, V.K., Author

Zusman, N.S.

Inst

: Effects of Hormones Upon the Productivity of Title

Rabbits.

Orig Pub: Vestn. s.-kh. nauki, 1957, No. 2, 115-117

Abstract: Experiments were carried out on 4 groups of rabbits consisting of 8 male and 7 female rabbits in each group. The first group was the control group. The second group received pregrene with their food, the third group were given pregnene with their food and were subcutangually injected with progressors and the taneously injected with progesterone, and the

Card 1/2

63

USSR/Farm Animals. Rabbits.

Q-3

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Biol., No. 22, 1958, 101223

4th group was subcutaneously injected with progesterone only. These hormones were given in 1 mg daily dosages per animal for a period of one month. In rabbits of the 2nd group, weight increases amounted to 14.8, of the 3rd group to 48.7, and of the 4th group to 19.3 percent. As progesterone was introduced to 15-day-old baby rabbits in a 0.5 mg daily dose per each rabbit, their weight iecreased by 23.8 percent as compared with controls during a period of 40 days.

Card 2/2

KOVALEVSKAYA, I.L.; EPSHTEYN-LITVAK, R.V.; DMITRIYEVA-RAVIKOVICH, Ye.M.;

KURNOSOVA, N.A.; SHCHEGLOVA, Ye.S.; FERDINAND, Ya.M.;

KHCMIK, S.R.; MAKHLINOVSKIY, L.P.; PETROVA, S.B.;

GOLUBOVA, Ye.Ye.; GONCHAROVA, Z.I.; SARMANEYEV, A.P.;

SIZINTSEVA, V.P.; Prinimali uchastiye: MEDYUKHA, G.A.;

OSOKINA, L.A.; RACHKOVSKAYA, Yu.K.; OSOVTSEVA, O.I.;

DEDUSENKO, A.I.; KOVALEVA, P.S.; KARASHEVICH, V.P.;

CHEBOTAREVICH, N.D.; CHIGIR', T.R.; SKUL'SKAYA, S.D.;

KECHETZHIYEV, B.A.; DEMINA, A.S.; ZUS'MAN, R.T.; YESAKOV, P.I.;

SYSOYEVA, Z.A.; ZINOV'YEVA, I.S.; FAL'CHEVSKAYA, A.A.;

DENISOVA, B.D.; TIMOFELEVA, R.G.; SYRKASOVA, A.V.;

LYANTSMAN, S.G.

Reactivity and immunological and epidemiological effectiveness of alcoholic typhoid and paratyphoid fever vaccines in school children. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 33 no.7:72-77 J1 162. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Iz Moskovskogo, Rostovskogo, Omskogo institutov epidemiologii i mikrobiologii, Stavropol'skogo instituta vaktsin i
syvorotok i Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR. 2. Rostovskiy
institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii (for Kovaleva).
3. Stavropol'skiy institut vaktsin i syvorotok (for Sysoyeva).
4. Kuybyshevskiy institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii (for
Zinov'yeva). 5. Saratovskaya gorodskaya sanitarno-spidemiologicheskaya stantsiya (for Lyantsman).

LEVI, M.I.; BASOVA, N.N.; ZUS'MAN, R.T.; CHERNIKOVA, T.M.; SUCHKOV, Th.G.;

RUDNEV, M.M.

Incidence of influenza in Stavropol during the 1957 pandemic. Vop.virus.
4 no.5:573-580 S-0 '59.

1. Mauchno-issledovatel'skiy protivochummyy institut Kavkaza i Zakav-kaz'ya, Stavropol'.

(INFLUENZA, statist.)

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901/48-22-10-10/23 AUTHOR: Zusman, Sh. I. Investigation of the Kinetics of the Establishment of TITLE: Magnetic Texture in 65-Per-Cent Permalloy (Issledovaniye kinetiki ustanovleniya magnitnoy tekstury v 65%-nom permalloye) Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya, 1958, PERIODICAL: Vol 22, Nr 10, pp 1212 - 1216 (USBR) In the present paper the author investigated the kinetics ABSTRACT: of the changes of magnetic properties in 65-permalloy due to low-temperature treatment. The obtained results together with the known facts permit to establish an analogy between the processes that by a thermomagnetic treatment lead to the formation of a rectangular hysteresis loop and such . processes by which the deformation of the hysteresis loops is caused: a) Alloys which exhibit deformed hysteresis loops are particularly sensitive to thermonagnetic treatment; b) deformed hysteresis loops form in about the same temperature range in which the thermomagnetic treatment is effective. In the cage of 65-permalloy the inferior limit is between 380 - 400; the kinetics of the establishment of rectangular Card 1/3

Investigation of the Kinetics of the Establishment of Magnetic Texture in 65-Per-Cent Permalloy

SOV/48-22-10-10/23

and deformed hysteresis loops follow an identical law. the case of increasing temperature the rectangular and deformed hysteresis loops are produced in a high degree. The duration of the establishment of well-pronounced hysteresis loops is about the same and amounts to 2 - 3 hours at 440° and 15 - 20 minutes at 500°. From the results can be deduced that the deformation of the hysteresis loops as well as the formation of rectangular loops is caused by the formation of a magnetic texture. The type of the texture, however, must be different in both cases. As is known a rectangular hysteresis loop is caused by an orientation of the induction of the domains predominantly in the direction of the magnetic field applied during the thermomagnetic treatment. The formation of the deformed hysteresis loops apparently is connected with a complicated distribution of the magnetization of the domains. It is possible that the common reason for the formation of both types of hysteresis loops is an oriented-ordered distribution of the atoms in the lattice of the alloy (Refs 5 and 6). When optimum conditions for the thermomagnetic treat-

Card 2/3

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Investigation of the Kinetics of the Establishment of Magnetic Texture in 65-Per-Cent Permalloy

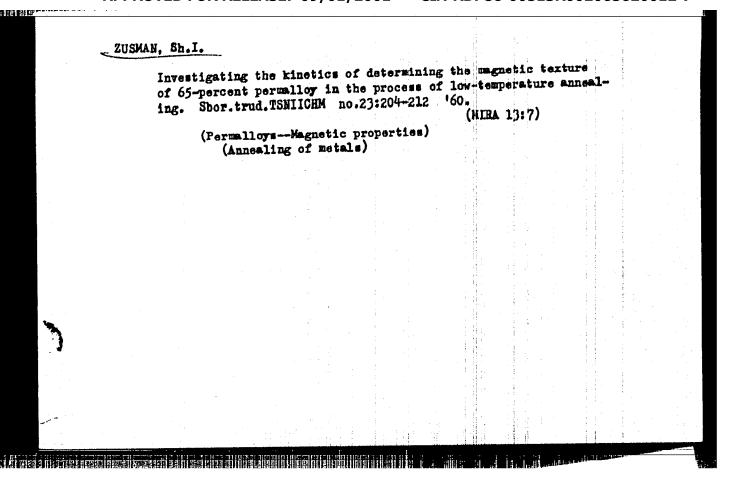
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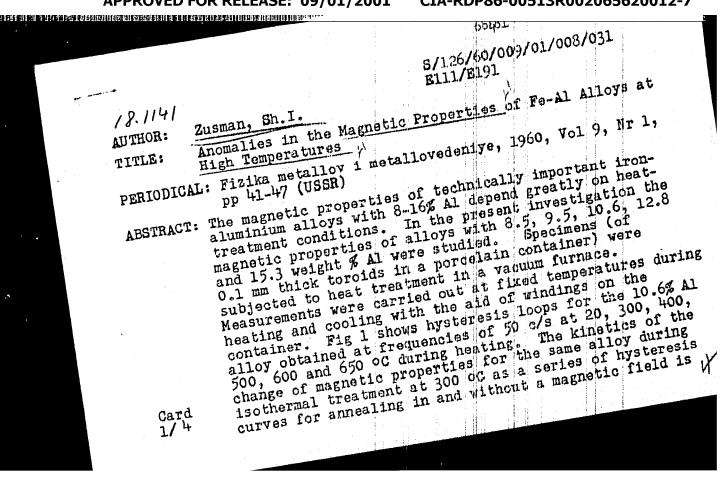
ment of 65-permalloy are to be chosen experimental results on the kinetics of the formation of the rectangular hysteresis loop in this alloy must be considered. The author thanks O. N. Al'tgausan for the interest shown. There are 7 figures and 10 references, 5 of which are Soviet.

Card 3/3

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Figure 1 Now Intelligence (1979)  Secon, Twentelling manipolish change (1971)  Secon, Twentelling manipolish change (1971)  Secon, Secondary (1971)  Seconda	ZUSMA	B / Sh.I.	termoduce I station days and telephotopopus california e	
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S/126/60/009/01/008/031

Anomalies in the Magnetic Properties of Fe-Al Alloys at High

shown in Fig 2, and the influence of demagnetization on the form of the hysteresis curves in Fig 3. The hysteresis curves for the alloy with 12.8% Al for a series of temperatures up to 550 oc during heating and cooling in and without the magnetic field are given in Fig 4. The hysteresis curves for the 15.3% Al alloy during heating are shown in Fig 5 for the heating process at 20, 400, 420 and 450 oc. Fig 6 shows the magnetic properties at room temperature of alloys as functions of aluminium content. The work showed that with 8-13% Al the high-temperature magnetic properties are those characteristic for perminvar-type alloys. There is a regular relation between the perminvar and thermomagnetic treatment effects, which the author does not consider to be directly linked with ordering processes, disappearance of both effects in the 12.8% Al alloy on cooling to room temperature (as shown in Fig 4) is attributed by the author to the formation of an almost completely ordered atomic distribution over the lattice points. Ya.S. Shur (Ref 7) has proposed that the

Card 2/4

68481

S/126/60/009/01/008/031 B111/B191

Anomalies in the Magnetic Properties of Fe-Al Alloys at High Temperatures

thermomagnetic-treatment effect is associated with changes in the structural state of the ferromagnetic. As developed by later authors (Refs 8, 9), these directed ordering ideas can explain the observed perminvar p roperties and their relation to the thermomagnetictreatment effect. The author considers that the discrepancies between his and other (Refs 11, 12) results and those of Taniguchi (Ref 10) are due to simplifying assumptions made by the latter in his calculations (which indicated that perminvar properties can only arise with negative values of the anisotropy constant). observed growth, at high temperatures, in coercive force of alloys with almost stoichiometric composition (Figs 4, 5) which had been reported previously (Refs 2, 13) is due to lattice stresses produced by order-disorder transformation; these stresses arise through the appearance and growth of disordered regions in the ordered matrix.

Card 3/4

There are 6 figures and 13 references, of which 7 are

S/126/60/009/01/008/031

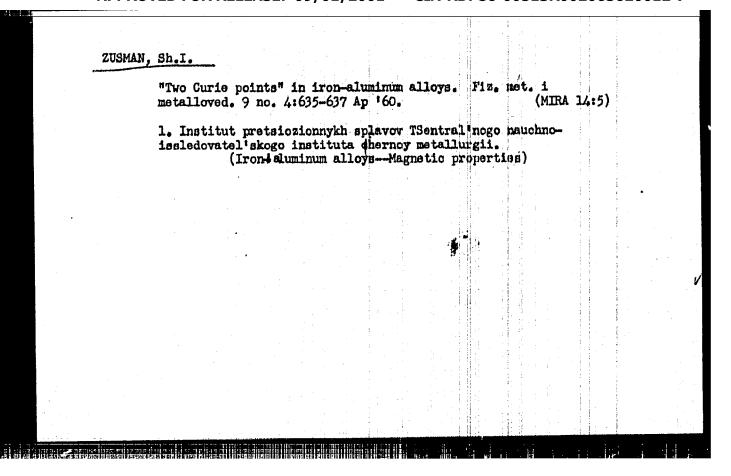
Anomalies in the Magnetic Properties of Fe-Al Alloys at High

Soviet, 2 English, 2 Japanese, 1 French and 1 German.

ASSOCIATION: TSNIICHM

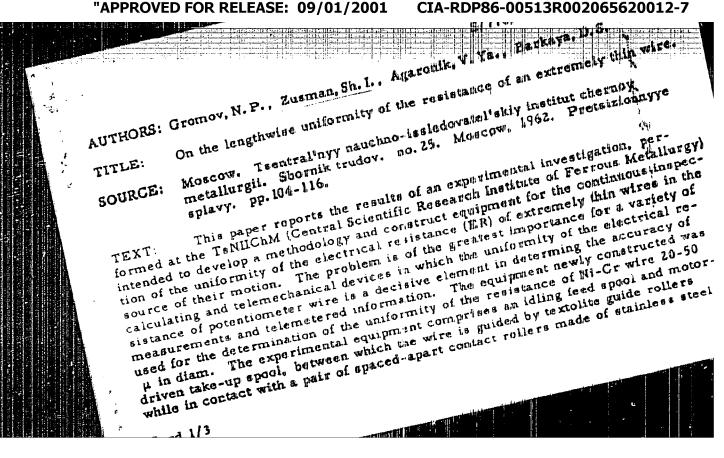
SUBMITTED: July 6, 1959

Card 4/4



APTEKAR	1, <b>X.</b> L.;	ZUSMAN,	Sh.I.					•
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On the lengthwise uniformity of the resistance ....

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with a Cr-plated surface. Diam of the contact rollers is 50 mm, that of the guide rollers 20 mm. A braking load is applied to the feed speol. Measurements can be made at contact distances of 1 m or 0.5 m. The linear welocity of the wire is 23-25 m/min. The resistance measurements were performed by means of a DC bridge of the type MBJ (MVU) 49, a high-speed potentionneter of the type EII102 (BP102), and various auxiliary equipments. The theory of the dependence of the ER of the wire on the mechanical stresses prevailing the rein is briefly outlined for given values of the Poisson coefficient and the Young modulus of elasticity. The results of an experimental illustrative test are shown graphically, illustrating the linear variation of the dependence up to the elastic limit for a 0.04-mm diam Ni-Cr wire. The conditions necessary to avoid any plastic bending stresses that may arise in contact with the guide and contact rollers are specified. Problems arising from the characteristics of the measuring equipment, the contact equipment, and the deformations of the wire while passing through the contact equipment, and the verification of the functioning of the entire equipment are discussed. It is found that the method and the equipment adopted here are suitable for the continuous measurement of the uniformity of the ER of micron wire along its length in the course of its motion. It is established that the degree of uniformity of the ER becomes less favorable with decreasing thickness of the wire. It is snown that cold-hardened wire exhibits a significantly better uniformity of the ER along its length as compared with

Card 2/3

On the lengthwise uniformity of the resistance ... \$/776/62/000/025/007/025

wire that has been subjected to heat treatment. The source of the impairment of the furnace system. It is shown that significant impairments in the uniformity of the ER of a wire along its length can be produced by careless unwinding and rewinding.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002065620012-7"

8/776/62/000/025/009/025

Zusman, Sh. I. AUTHOR:

The effect of thermomagnetic treatment and the Perminvar effect in TITLE:

soft magnetic alloys.

Moscow. Tsentral nyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut chernoy SOURCE:

metallurgii. Shornik trudov. no. 25. Moscow, 1962. Pretsizionnyye

splavy. pp. 126-145.

OBERGEGES HERRETE EGENESEL I ALLI 1955 E FOLKLERE HERBELLE HER BELLE HERBELLE HERBELLE HERBELLE HERBELLE HERBEL

The paper describes the results of an experimental investigation of the kinetics of the changes in magnetic properties of alloys of the system Ni-Fe (65 and 75% N1), Fe-N1-Co (25% Co. 45% N1), Fe-Co (43, 51, and 66% Co), and Fe-All (8.3, 10.6, and 12.8% Al) at elevated temperatures (I). The objective of the investigation was a study of the laws governing the processes that occur in alloys at elevated T and that are linked with the effect of thermomagnetic treatment and the Perminvar effect. The alloys selected for this investigation pertained to different crystallographic systems. The subsidence centered the NieFe and FeeNi-Co alloys) and the dubic body-centered the Fe-Co and Fe-Al adoys). Among the alloys investigated there are ordered alloys (in the sense of long-range order. The 15% Ni-Fe, the 51% Co-Fe, and the 12.8% Al-Fe) and unordered (the 8.1% Al-Fe) alloys. The various alloys had different values of physical constants that affect the level of the Card 1/3

The effect of thermomagnetic treatment ....

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magnetic properties (the anisotropy constant K, the magnetostriction A, the saturation magnetization Is, etc.). The oscillographic and ballistic methodology employed in the investigation is that described by the author in the same shornik, no. 23, 1960, 205. A Perminvar effect was made evident in the Fe-Al system, most pronouncedly at T above 300°. Thus the Perminvar anomaly is not a peculiarity of the Fe-Ni alloys (binary and ternary alloys with ferromagnetic components), but appears to be a characteristic of a broader class of ferromagnetic solid solutions. Thermomagnetic treatment of these alloys leads to breakdown of the Perminvar effect and an increase in the residual induction, however, the Fe-Al alioys differ from Ni-Fe, Fe-Ni-Co, and Fe-Co alloys by the fact that the hysteresis loop does not become rectangular. Alloys with Perminvar properties are found to be more sensitive to thermomagnetic treatment. The processes linked to these effects proceed in the same T region and become more intense at higher T. The processes linked to the effect of the thermomagnetic treatment and the Perminvar effect proceed considerably more intensely in alloys with a body-centered lattice (the Fe-Al and Fr-Co alloys) than in alloys with a face-centered lattice (Ni-Fe and Fe-Ni-Co alloys). This, apparently, can be attributed to the greater diffusional midbility of the atoms in the body-centered lattice as compared with that of the face-centered lattice, Ordering has a substantial effect both on the effect of the thermomagnetic treatment and on the Perminvar effect. The processes that are linked to the effect of the

The effect of thermomagnetic treatment ....

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thermomagnetic treatment proceed more slowly in ordered alloys than in unoidered alloys. In alloys of the Perminvar type having a stoichiometric composition (the alloys Ni Fe, Fe Al), a protracted ordering armeal inhibits the Perminvar properties, whereas in alloys having a composition far from the stoichiometric, such anneal leads to a maximal development of Perminvar properties. The regularities of the processes connected with the effect of the thermomagnetic treatment and the Perminvar effect established in the present work can be qualitatively explained on the basis of the assumptions of the theory of directed ordering. There are U figures, 2 tables, and 23 references [8 Russian-language Soviet, 3 German, and 12 English-language, of which I in Russian translation).

Card 3/3

S/032/63/029/002/015/028 B101/B186

AUTHORS:

Gratsianov, Yu. A., Zusman, Sh. I., and Rabin'kin, A. G.

TITLE:

F [1] 4511

Measurement of hysteresis loops of highly coercive alloys

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 29, no. 2, 1963, 200

TEXT: Exchangeable Armoo iron shoes (Fig. 1) permitting a measurement of the magnetic properties of platinum-cobalt alloy specimens, diameter 5-15 mm, length 10-15 mm, were constructed for the permeameter of a Ly-3 (BU-3) apparatus. Magnetic fields up to 18,000 oe can be obtained with a gap of 15 mm, up to 23,000 oe with a gap of 10 mm. The magnetic field in the cross section of a 15 mm gap is uniform to within 1% accuracy. There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Institut pretsizionnykh splavov TeNIIChM (Institute of Precision Alloys TeNIIChM)

Fig. 1. Design of the shoes.

Card 1/2

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L 6974-66 EWT(II)/EWA(d)/I/EWP(t)/EWP(z)/EWP(b) MJN/JD/HW/MJA(CL) IJP(c) ACC NR: AP5018870 SOURCE CODE: UR/0126/65/020/001/0153/0155 AUTHOR: Zusman, Sh ORG: Central Scientific Research Institute of Ferrous Metallung im. (Tsniichermet) TITLE: The effect of thermomagnetic treatment in a cross-sectional field on the magnetic properties of alloys of the system Fe-Ni-Co SOURCE: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, v. 20, no. 1, 1965, 153-155 TOPIC TAGS: iron containing alloy, nickel containing alloy, cobalt containing alloy, permalloy, thermomagnetic effect, Curie point ABSTRACT: More than 25 permalloys of the Fe-Ni-Co ternary system were studied with compositions 20-60% Ni, 15-35% Fe, remainder Co. The specimens were toroids turned from alloy ribbon .02 mm thick. During thermomagnetic trintment in a cross-sectional field the magnetic field is applied in the direction of the toroid axis. To reduce demagnitizing effects several toroids are joined axially and extended at the ends by Permendur cores - an alloy with high saturation and high Curie point. The Card 1/4

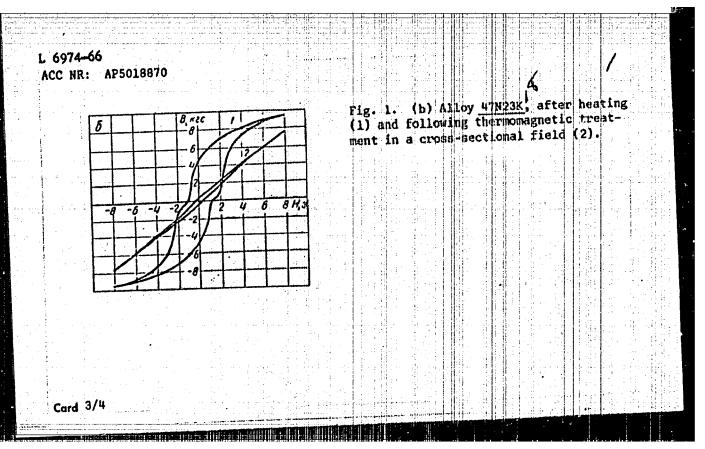
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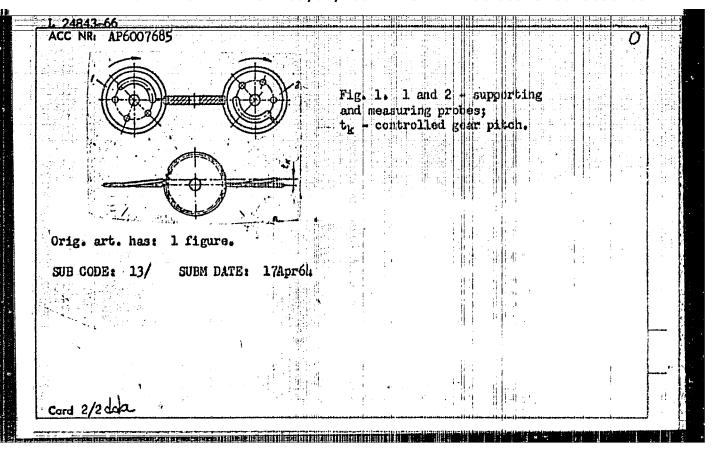
treatment takes place in a furnace mounted in a solendoid. For all alloys investigated thermomagnetic treatment in a cross-sectional field leads to significant changes in magnetic properties.  $\mu$  / $\mu$  which characterizes the constancy of susceptibility at varying H falls from 4-8 to 1.1-1.3; while  $\mu$  risks by 1.5-2 times.  $\mu_{max}$  decreases by 2-3 times, significantly lowering the random After the treatment specimens show magnetic stability and insemmitivity to "magnetic shock," characteristics opposite to the instability shown by perminvar alloys cooled slowly without a magnetic field. Also B(H) is most nearly linear for alloys located in a narrow region (of the ternary system) along a line with co-ordinates B6% Ni, 28% Co, 36% Fe; 43% Ni, 25% Co, 32% Fe; 47% Ni, 23% Co, 30% Fe; 53% Ni, 20% Co, 27% Fe. This line corresponds to the line of neutral, magnetic crystallographic abisotropy K [Puzey I. M., F M M, 1963, 16, 2, 179]. The magnitude of  $\mu_{\text{max}}/\mu_{\text{o}}$  and the coefficient of the amplitude of instability of susceptibility  $\phi_H = \mu_1 - \mu_0/\mu_0 (H_1 - H_0)$ monotonously decrease inversely with holding time in the magnetic field during the thermomagnetic treatment. This is linked with the establishment and perfecting of a single axis of anisotropy. The level of susceptibility increases with temperature and decreases with holding time. The most linear magnetization curve is attained with long holding times at sufficiently low temperatures. Sample results are shown in fig. 1. The alloy may be used as a constant susceptibility ferromagnet for the

**Card** 2/4

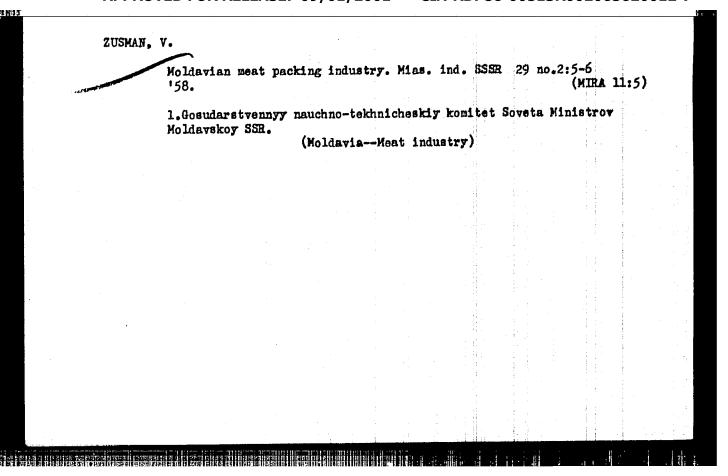


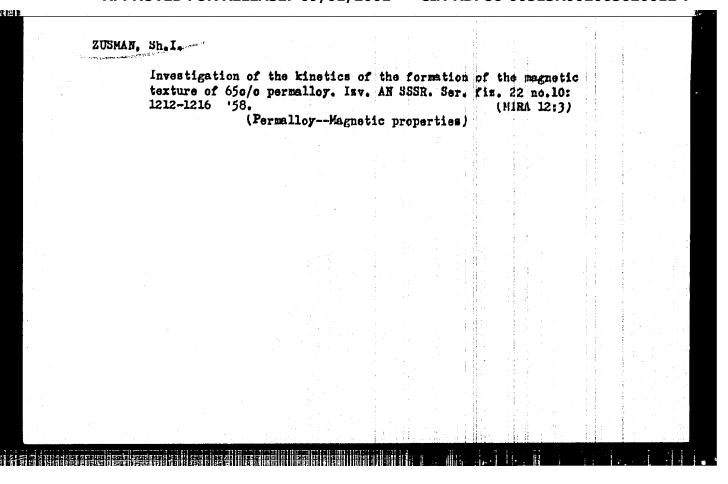
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AUTHORS: Zusman, Sh. M.; Ivanov, N. P.; Gutmaki, V. A.	32 B	
ORG: none	11/22	
TITLE: Device for controlling the accumulated circular pitch error in gear 42, No. 178502	S. OTSS	
SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 3, 19	66, 66	
TOPIC TAGS: gear cutting machine, actual mathematical from microsoften		
ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a device for controlling the accircular pitch error in gears, based on the sequential measurement of error position of two identical profiles diametrically placed. The device contains	by the	
supporting and a measuring carriage, vertically adjustable centers for moun wheels in a fixture, synchronously rotating supporting and measuring process	ting the	1 - 73; s
form of worms in constant contact with the controlled gear, and a measuring To increase measuring accuracy and to simplify construction, the supporting	and	
measuring probes are in the form of flat, split spring disks with part of be profile bent to the size of the controlled gear pitch. These are used to the gear to the next measuring position (see Fig. 1).	ndec	
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80V/129-58-11-11/13

Al'tgauzen, O.N., Zusman, Sh. I., and Stepanova, A.N. AUTHORS:

TITLE: Thermomagnetic treatment in vacuum furnaces of

magnetically soft alloys with a rectangular hysteresis

loop (Termomagnitnaya obrabotka magnitnomyagkikh splavov s pryamougol'noy petley gisterezisa v

vakuumnykh pechakh)

PERIODICAL: Metallovedeniye i Obrabotka Metallov, 1958, Nr 11,

pp 60-62 (USSR)

In the Institute for Precision Alloys TsNIIChm, a vacuum ABSTRACT:

shaft furnace with spiral heating elements of nichrome

and the alloy EI695 was used which made continuous

temperature control of the furnace possible, particularly below 700°C. A sketch, Fig.1, shows the arrangement of the magnetising device and of the specimens during thermomagnetic treatment (design proposed by N. A. Kalmychek,

NII MRTP). The high temperature annualing and the thermo-

magnetic treatment were effected in accordance with regimes enumerated in a Table, p 62. The magnetic properties of alloys after the thermo-magnetic treatment with fields of various magnitudes are graphed in Fig. 2.

The high temperature treatment consisted of annealing in vacuum at 1100°C for two hours, cooling with a speed Card 1/4

BOY/129-58-11-11/13

Thermomagnetic treatment in vacuum furnaces of magnetically soft alloys with a rectangular hysteresis loop

of 100°C/hr to 600 and 200°C respectively, followed by cooling with the container in air. The thermomagnetic treatment consisted of the following: Alloy 50NP: heating at 600°C for one hour, cooling inside a magnetic field at 50°C/hr to 400°C, cooling by 100°C/hr to 200°C followed by cooling with the container in air; alloy 65NP: heating at 700°C for 4 hours, cooling inside a magnetic field to 200°C with a speed of 100°C/hr, followed by cooling in air with the container; heating to 800°C for one hour, cooling inside a magnetic field with a speed of 100°C/hr down to 200°C, followed by cooling in air with the container (alloy 34NMP). Analysis of the obtained results enables the following conclusions: for all the alloys separate high temperature and thermomagnetic treatment in vacuum can result in obtaining magnetic properties which satisfy the specified technical requirements. The magnitude of the magnetic properties depends to a large extent on the intensity of the field applied during the heat treatment; to obtain a maximum improvement of the magnetic properties it is sufficient for all

Card 2/4

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SOV/129-58-11-11/13

Thermomagnetic Treatment in Vacuum Furnaces of Magnetically Soft Alloys with a Rectangular Hysteresis Loop

the tested alloys to use a magnetic field potential of 10 to 15 Oe. An increase in the magnetic field strength does not result in an improvement of the properties of the alloys. Within the investigated thicknesses the effect of the thermomagnetic treatment is practically independent of the character of the applied field (d.c., pulsating or 50 c.p.s. fields), provided their amplitude values are the same. This conclusion confirms the results obtained by Kelsall (Physics, 1934, Nr 5). For larger thicknesses it is necessary to verify the influence of the surface effect in the case of treatment with an a.c. field. The carried out work has shown that the thermomagnetic treatment of the investigated alloys can be effected in furnaces used for high temperature treatment of these alloys, provided the magnetising circuits are fed with d.c. or a.c. currents.

Card 3/4

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#### CIA-RDP86-00513R002065620012-7 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

Thermomagnetic Treatment in Vacuum Furnaces of Magnetically Soft Alloys with a Rectangular Hysteresis Loop

There are 2 figures, 1 table and 3 references, 2 of which are Soviet, 1 English.

ASSOCIATION: TENIICHM

- 1. Alloys--Heat treatment 2. Alloys--Magnetic factors 3. Alloys--Properties 4. Vacuum furnaces--Performance

Card 4/4

# 14.1 EZ .

S/126/61/012/003/003/021 E194/E180

AUTHORS: Aptekar', I.L., and Zusman, Sh.I.

TITLE: Magnetic and electrical properties and diagram of

state of Fe-Al alloys close in composition to Fe3Al

PERIODICAL: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, v.12, no.3, 1961,

350-359

TEXT: This article describes a study into the kinetics of changes in magnetic and electrical properties of Fe-Al alloys at high temperatures. The object of the work was to establish relationships between these properties and the sti -tural state of the alloys. The article opens with a review of previous work on the subject. The tests were made with an alloy containing to subject. The tests were made with an alloy containing 12.8 wt.% aluminium (23.2 at.%) which, according to Taylor and 12.8 wt.% aluminium (23.2 at.%) which, according to Taylor and 10.6 wt.% aluminium (25.4 at.%) which wo-phase (Ref. 6: A. Taylor, R. Jones. J. Phys. Chem. Solids, 1958, Vol. 6, 16, 37; J. Appl. Phys., 1958, Vol. 29, 3, 522) is in the two-phase region at room temperature. For comparison, tests were also made with an alloy of 14.2 wt.% aluminium (25.4 at.%) which is close to the stoichiometric composition of the intermetallic compound, and an alloy with 8.3 wt.% aluminium (15.7 at.%).

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Magnetic and electrical properties and... \$/126/61/012/003/003/021 E194/E180

The alloys were melted in a high frequency induction furnace with a magnesite crucible. The amount of carbon, silicon and phosphorus was minimal in the melts and the total content of Mn and Si did not exceed 0.3%. The ingots were forged into bars, cleaned and hot rolled at 1000-1050 °C, and then cold rolled to a thickness of 0.1 mm. Strip samples for magnetic tests were vacuum annealed at 1100 °C for five hours with slow cooling to room temperature. The high temperature tests were made in vacuum. The magnetic measurements were made by ballistic and oscillographic methods; the coercive force was measured either on toroids with an internal diameter of 20 mm and an external diameter of 30 mm or on solenoids made of strips 120 mm long and 5 mm wide. Electrical resistance of hardened specimens was measured during rapid heating (500 °C/hour) and remeasured after a long annealing in vacuum. The kinetics of change in magnetic and electrical properties were studied on specimens quenched in water from 900 °C, Fig. 1 shows the saturation magnetisation  $4\pi\,I_s$  and coercive force  $H_c$  as a function of temperature for the alloy with 12.8% weight aluminium. Fig. 2 shows similar curves for alloys with 14.2 and 8.3% Al. Card 2/9/

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Magnetic and electrical properties... S/126/61/012/003/003/021 E194/E180

Fig. 3 shows the change of coercive force of previously hardened specimens of the 12.8% aluminium alloy against holding time (in hours). It will be seen from Fig. 1 that at about 400-600 oc there is a sharp maximum in the coercive force with a corresponding inflection in the curve of saturation magnetisation. There are no such anomalies in the curves for alloys of 14.2 and 8.3% aluminium. There are two clearly marked temperature regions in Fig. 3; below 450 °C there is a comparatively small increase in the coercive force, but the increase becomes more marked at higher temperatures. Similar results were obtained on the 14.2% Al alloy but, since the Curie point of this alloy is 500%, measurements of coercive force could be made only up to 450°C. By using the low inertia oscillograph procedure it was possible to follow changes in magnetic properties during rapid heating and cooling. Hysteresis loops were obtained for the alloy with 12.8% Al during heating over a period of 10-15 minutes to a temperature above the Curie point, and whereas at room temperature the hysteresis loops of water quenched samples are the same as those of slowly cooled samples, at high temperatures there is a considerable difference. Card 3/4

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Magnetic and electrical properties ... S/126/61/012/003/003/021 E194/E180

With hardened samples there is no noticeable broadening of the hysteresis loop at any temperature, but with slowly cooled samples it was very pronounced between 450-575 °C. Resistivity is plotted against temperature in Fig. 6; white circles refer to equilibrium conditions, black circles to the hardened state. It was found that the curves obtained on heating slowly cooled Fig. 7 shows the change of alloys are close to the equilibrium. electrical resistance for hardened 12.8% aluminium alloy against holding time in hours. The resistance falls the faster, the higher the temperature. Comparing Figs. 7 and 3 it will be seen that, on isothermal holding, resistance changes more rapidly than coercive force. The following conclusions are drawn from the above results. In the alloy with 12.8% aluminium, two diffusion processes (with different values of activation energy and relaxation time) can occur in two distinct temperature ranges; 250-450 and 500-575°C. The alloy with 14.2% All displays only one process similar to the low temperature process in the 12.8% Al alloy. Unusual physical properties, such as a maximum in the coercive force/temperature curve, an inflection in the saturation Card 4/ 8/

Magnetic and electrical properties and. 5/126/61/012/003/003/021 E194/E180

magnetisation curve, and a reduction in resistance as compared with the hardened condition, are observed in the 12.8% Al alloy above 450 °C in the equilibrium condition but not in the alloy with 14.2% Al. Comparison of these results with the equilibrium diagram of Taylor and Jones indicates that the change in the physical properties of alloys with 12.8 and 14.2% Al in the lower temperature region are due to the formation of a homogeneous order of type are Alloy with the changes in the properties of the alloy with 12.8% Al in the upper temperature region (up to 550°C) are due to the formation of two phases, which is not in accordance with Taylor and Jones who suppose that there is a homogeneous phase in this region.

There are 7 figures and 16 references: 8 Soviet-bloc and 8 non-Soviet-bloc. The four most recent English language references read: Ref.6: as quoted in the text above.

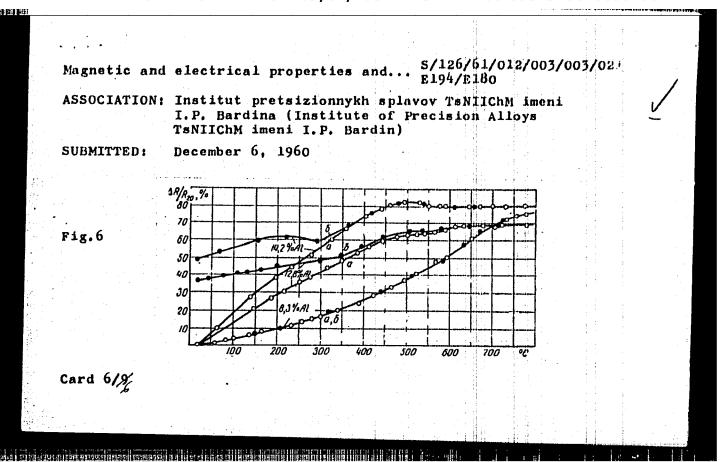
Ref.7: W. Bennet. J. Iron Steel Inst., 1952, 171, 1, 372.

Ref. 10: H. McQueen, G. Kuczunski, Trans. AIME, 1959, 215, 4, 619.

Ref. 11: R. Feder, R. Cahn. Phil. Mag., 1960, Vol. 5, 52, 343.

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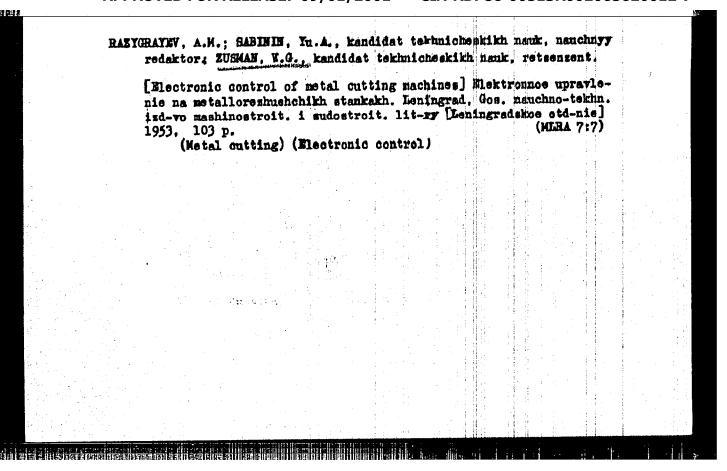
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9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, Nay 1953, Unclassified

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Using the credit of the State Bank for expanding industry. Mias. ind. SSSR 27 no.1:41-43 '56. (MIRA 9:6)  1.Ministerstvo promyshlennosti myasnykh i molechnykh produktov Moldavskoy SSR.	
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	87	Control, Electronic Drive for Metal Cutting Control, Electronic Drive for Metal Cutting Controlled Drive for Metal Cutting Controlled Drive for Metal Cutting Controls, T. G. Zumman, Candidate in Technical Science, P. Y. Markin, Engr, ENIMS, 9 pp Stark! I Instrument" No 8  Stark! I Instrument" No 8  The Lysiam of electronic control of drive as worked it by ENIMS. Describes the electrical circuits, the critical circuits, the critical assets. He electronic assets and circuits the control system. Many controls and diagrams of various parts and circuits the spparatus to the apparatus to
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AID P - 1478

ZUSMHN, V.G.

Subject : USSR/Electricity

Card 1/1 Pub. 27 - 29/36

Author : Zusman, V. G., Kand. of Tech. Sci.

Title : Scientific and technical conference on electrical equip-

ment of metal-cutting machine tools (Current Events)

Periodical: Elektrichestvo, 2, 78-80, F 1955

Abstract : The conference took place in N 1954. It was organized

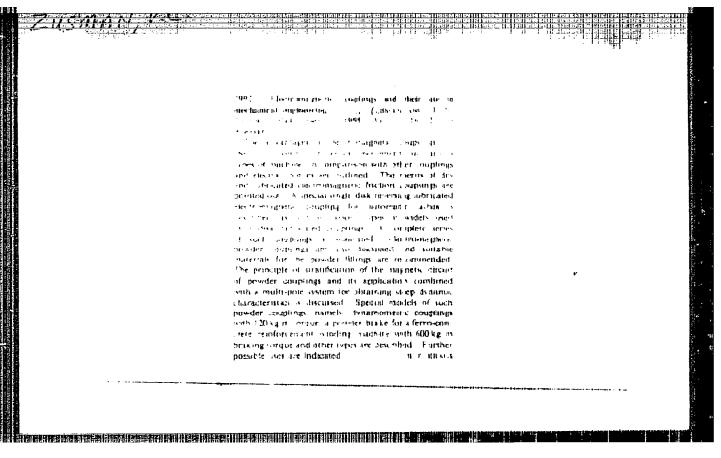
by the Experimental Scientific Research Institute for Metal-Cutting Lathes of the Ministry of Machine Tool and Instrument Building Industry. More than 250 representatives of various factories and institutes from 42 cities of the

USSR participated in the conference. 24 reports were presented and discussed. A partial list of reports and a

summary of the discussion follows.

Institution: None

Submitted : No date



ZUSMAN.

AID P - 2004

: USSR/Electricity Subject

Card 1/2 Pub. 27 - 3/31

Authors

Petrov, I. I., Kand. of Tech. Sci., Dotsent, and Zusman, V. G., Kand. of Tech. Sci., Dotsent, Moscow

Prospects of development of automatic control of machine Title

tool groups

Periodical: Elektrichestvo, 4, 37-41, Ap 1955

The authors analyze the more complicated system of Abstract :

group control of machine tools like cutting and turning machinery for the tooling of automobile cylinder blocks

and of automobile pistons. The number of contact openings per hour in these two cases goes as far as 14,557 in the first and 64,600 in the second type of

operation. The authors propose simplifying such operations by a transition from contact-relay control to contactless electrical and electronic senders, and

also by the use of electronic apparatus based on secondary

Elektrichestvo, 4, 37-41, Ap 1955

AID P - 2004

Card 2/2 Pub. 27 - 8/31

electron emission principles. They present a general characteristic of various kinds of contactless systems of control. Two tables.

Institution: Institute of Automation and Remote Control of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR, and the Experimental Scientific Research Institute for Metal-Cutting Lathes (ENIMS)

Submitted : 0 30, 1954

SOV/112-57-6-12391

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotekhnika, 1957, Nr 6, p 108 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Petrov, I. I., Zusman, V. G.

TITLE: Electrical-Control Systems for Automatic Machine Lines and Fundamental Problems in Their Further Perfecting and Development (Sistemy elektricheskogo upravleniya avtomaticheskimi stanochnymi liniyami i osnovnyye zadachi dal'neyshego ikh uluchsheniya i razvitiya)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Avtomatizatsiya tekhnol. protsessov v mashinostr. Privod i upravleniye mashinami. M., AS USSR, 1956, pp 84-98

ABSTRACT: Some peculiarities of automatic production-machine lines have been revealed as a result of an analysis of the electric-control systems of 14 lines. Underlying all the schemes of automatic machine-line control is the principle of control as a function of travel performed by working parts of the machine. An example is examined of automating a section of the line on which pistons are machined. The control of automatic lines has the following peculiarities: a closed control cycle for each individual machine, interconnections between these controls and with the control of transportation and loading devices and

Card 1/2

SOV/112-57-6-12391

Electrical-Control Systems for Automatic Machine Lines and Fundamental

with the control system of the entire line. Special devices are provided for fault location in automatic lines; a light signal of the automatic line is cited as an example. As coordination is necessary between electrical, mechanical, hydraulic, and pneumatic links, it is suggested that along with the simplified electrical circuit diagram, a block diagram of machines be compiled to facilithe operation of complicated combines. As an example, tate understanding a block diagram of the control of a centerless grinding machine is presented. The principal equipment used in automatic lines are relays, contactors, and various track switches. The number of contact operations in this equipment may reach several tens of thousands per hour, and at an automatic piston factory, up to 300,000 per hour. As a result, the reliability of the line operation is largely dependent on the reliability of equipment operation and on its service life. Tasks for further improvement and development of electricalcontrol systems for automatic lines are outlined; the use of contactless control apparatus, multicircuit multicommand and pulse-distributing devices, electronic and semiconductor devices combined with magnetic automatic devices.

Y.N.N.

Card 2/2

BARSUKOV, A.A., inshener; ZUSMAN, V.G., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk, dotsent.

"Power electrohydraulic drive." M.G. Chilikin, A.M. Korytin, V.H. Prokof'ev. Reviewed by A.A. Barsukov, V.G. Zusman. Elektrichestvo no.5:95-96 My '56.

1. Eksperimental'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut metallorezhushchikh stankov.

(Machine tools--Hydraulic driving) (Chilikin, M.G.)

(Korytin, A.M.) (Prokof'ev, Vladimir Mikolaevich)

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R002065620012-7

· Zusman, V.G.

AID P - 5179

Subject

: USSR/Engineering

Card 1/2

Pub. 103 - 1/24

Authors

: Zusman, V. G. and I. A. Vul'fson

Simultaneous and sequential control of machine tools

Title

: Stan. i instr., 7, 1-9, J1 1956

Abstract

Periodical

: Referring to numerous foreign sources, mostly American and English, on automatic and computer-controlled machinetools, the authors discuss various simultaneous and sequential control systems. They describe the punchcard method, the L. A. Gleyzer system, tape and other recording systems, also - several methods of interpolation and the back-feed controls. The selsyn system and the Ferranti diffraction grating system are also discussed. Twenty three diagrams, 4 photos; 31 non-Russian references, predominantly American and English (1954-1956), and 3

Russian references (1955-1956).

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[Analysis of work and calcultation of elements of electric drives]
Analiz raboty i raschet elementov elektricheskogo privoda. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.igd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1957, 105 p.

(Electric driving)

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CHILIKIN, M.G., prof.; ZUSMAN, V.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; TEZHEUV, V.V., red.;
BORURV, N.I., tekhn.rad.

[Electric equipment for metal-cutting machines] Elektropoundovanie metallorezhushchikh stankov. Pt.2.[Controlled electric vanie Reguliruczyi elektroprivod. Moskva, Gos. energ. izd-vo.
1958. 175 p.

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(Machine tools-Electric driving)

CHILIKIN, M.G., prof., red.; ZISMAN, Y.G., kand.tekhn.bauk, red.;
TEZHKOY, V.V., red.; BORUROY, M.I., tekhn.red.

[Electric equipment of metal cutting machines] Elektrooborudovanie metallorezhushchikh stankov. Part 3. [Automatic control of machines] Elektroavtomatika stankov. Mgskva, Gos. energ. isd-vo. 1958. 236 p. (MIRA 12:2)

(Machine tools) (Automatic control)

SANDLER, Abram Solomonovich; CHILIKIN, M.G., prof., red.; ZUSMAN, V.G., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent, retsenzent; KARNYUSHIN, L.V., kand.tekhn.nauk, red.; BORUNOV, N.I., tekhn.red.

[Electrical equipment for industrial machinery; electrical equipment for metal-cutting machines] Elektrooborudovanie proisvodstvennykh mekhanizmov; elektrooborudovanie metallo-rezhushchikh stankov. Pod obehchei red. M.G. Chilikina. Moskva. Gos.energ. izd-vo. 1958. 238 p. (MIRA 12:1) (Machine tools) (Electric apparatus and appliances)

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2 US Man, V. G. PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

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Kharizomenov, Igor' Vladimirovich, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor

Elektricheskoye oborudovaniye metallorezhushchikh stankov (Electrical Equipment of Metal-cutting Machine Tools) 2d ed., rev. and enl. Moscow, Mashgiz, 1958. 328 p. 25,000 copies printed.

Reviewer: Zusman, V. G., Candidate of Technical Sciences; Ed.: Khalizev, G. P., Candidate of Technical Sciences; Ed. of Publishing House: Shemshurina, Ye. A.; Tech. Ed.: Model', B. I.; Managing Ed. for literature on metal working and tool making (Mashgiz): Beyzel'man, R. D., Engineer.

PURPOSE: The book is approved as a textbook for machine-building vuzes by the Ministerstvo vysshego obrazovaniya SSSR (Ministry of Higher Education, USSR), and contains the

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Electrical Equipment of Metal-cutting Machine Tools

basic information necessary to engineers designing or operating modern metal-cutting machine tools.

COVERAGE: The book examines problems connected with the electrical equipment of metal-cutting machine tools. Systems and electromechanical properties of machine tool electric drives, fundamentals of dynamics, the equipment for machine tool electrification, and methods and systems of machine tool electrical automation are described. Special attention is paid to electrical control and automation and also to further possibilities of applying machine tool electrification in student designing. Recent achievements in machine tool electrification in the USSR and in other countries are reviewed. The book follows the program approved by the Ministry of Higher Education of the USSR. A knowledge of the principles of electrical engineering is a prerequisite. To help the mechanical

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engineer in designing the machine tool, the book devotes consider able attention to the use of catalogue data for electric motors. personalities are mentioned. There are 27 references, all of TABLE OF CONTENTS:  Foreword  Introduction  Ch. T. P.	r- No
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Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo priborostroitel'noy promyshlennosti

- Avtomatizatsiya i mekhanizatsiya protsessov proizvodstva v priborostroyenii (Automation and Mechanization of Production Processes in Instrument Manufacturing) Moscow, Mashgiz, 1958. 591 p. 8,500 copies printed.
- Ed.: Gavrilov, A. N., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Reviewer: Vladziyevskiy, A. P., Doctor of Technical Sciences; Ed. of Publishing House: Kochetova, G. F., Engineer; Tech. Ed.: Model', B. I.
- PURPOSE: This book is intended for engineers, technicians, and scientific personnel concerned with mechanization and automation of production processes in instrument manufacturing, and for students and teachers of this subject in vtuzes.
- COVERAGE: The book describes the characteristic features of the present state of mechanization and automation of production processes in the instrument industry. Part 1. describes the planning of automation means, the theory of precision, economic efficiency under automated production conditions, and also

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